This Page Is Inserted by IFW Operations and is not a part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images may include (but are not limited to):

- BLACK BORDERS
- TEXT CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- FADED TEXT
- ILLEGIBLE TEXT
- SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- COLORED PHOTOS
- BLACK OR VERY BLACK AND WHITE DARK PHOTOS
- GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning documents will not correct images, please do not report the images to the Image Problem Mailbox.

THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 5: C07C 43/21, C07D 215/18 C07D 215/20, 43/21 A61K 31/44, 31/50, 31/495

(11) International Publication Number:

WO 92/20642

A1

US

(43) International Publication Date:

26 November 1992 (26.11.92)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/US92/03736

(22) International Filing Date:

6 May 1992 (06.05.92)

(30) Priority data:

698,420

10 May 1991 (10.05.91)

(60) Parent Application or Grant (63) Related by Continuation

Filed on

698,420 (CIP) 10 May 1991 (10.05.91)

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): RHONE-POULENC RORER INTERNATIONAL (HOLD-INGS) INC. [US/US]; 40 Cape Henlopen Drive, Lewes, DE 19958 (US).

(72) Inventors; and
(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): SPADA, Alfred, P. [US/US]; 473 Painter Way, Lansdale, PA 19446 (US). MAGUIRE, Martin, P. [US/US]; 649 S. Henderson Road, A-512, King of Prussia, PA 19406 (US). PERSONS, Paul, E. [US/US]; 649 S. Henderson Road, A-507, King of Prussia, PA 19406 (US). MYERS, Michael, R. [US/US]; 205 Lincoln Road, Reading, PA 19606 (US) (US).

(74) Agents: NICHOLSON, James, A. et al.; Rhone-Poulenc Rorer Inc., 500 Arcola Road, P.O. Box 1200, College-ville, PA 19426 (US).

(81) Designated States: AT, AT (European patent), AU, BB, BE (European patent), BF (OAPI patent), BG, BJ (OAPI patent), BR, CA, CF (OAPI patent), CG (OAPI patent), CH, CH (European patent), CI (OAPI patent), CM (OAPI patent), CS, DE, DE (European patent), DK, DK (European patent), ES, ES (European patent), FI, FR (European patent), GA (OAPI patent), GB, GB (European patent), GN (OAPI patent), GR, (European patent), HU, IT (European patent), JP, KP, KR, LK, LU, LU (European patent), MC (European patent), MG, ML (OAPI patent), MN, MR (OAPI patent), MW, NL, NL (European patent), NO, PL, RO, RU, SD, SE, SE (European patent), SN (OAPI patent), TD (OAPI patent), TG (OAPI patent), US.

Published

With international search report.

Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

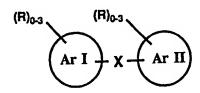
(54) Title: BIS MONO-AND BICYCLIC ARYL AND HETEROARYL COMPOUNDS WHICH INHIBIT EGF AND/OR PDGF RECEPTOR TYROSINE KINASE

(57) Abstract

This invention relates to bis mono- and/or bicyclic aryl and/or heteroaryl compounds exhibiting protein tyrosine kinase inhibition activity. More specifically, it relates to the method of inhibiting abnormal cell proliferation in a patient suffering from a disorder characterized by such proliferation comprising the administration thereto of an EGF and/or PDGF receptor inhibiting effective amount of said bis mono- and/or bicyclic aryl and/or heteroaryl compound and to the preparation of said compounds and their use in pharmaceutical compositions used in this method.

WE CLAIM:

- A method of inhibiting abnormal cell proliferation in a patient suffering 5 from a disorder characterized by such proliferation comprising the administration thereto of an EGF and/or PDGF receptor inhibiting effective amount of a compound having a bis ring system wherein the first ring is aryl or . heteroaryl and the second ring is aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclic or heterocarbocyclic and wherein said rings comprise either a substituted or 10 unsubstituted monocyclic ring containing 0 to about 2 hetero atoms, or a bicyclic ring containing 0 to about 4 hetero atoms, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- A pharmaceutical composition for inhibiting abnormal cell proliferation 2. 15 comprising, in admixture with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, a pharmaceutically effective amount of a compound according to claim 1.
- A method according to claim 1 comprising administering to said patient 3. a pharmaceutically effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition 20 containing, in admixture with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, a compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, of the formula:



25

30

wherein

Ar I is a substituted or unsubstituted mono- or bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl ring system of about 5 to about 12 atoms and where each monocyclic ring may contain 0 to about 3 hetero atoms, and each bicyclic ring may contain 0 to about 4 hetero atoms selected from N, O and S provided said hetero atoms are not vicinal oxygen and/or sulfur atoms and where the substituents may be located at any appropriate position of the ring system and are described by R.;

Ar II may be as described for Ar I or it may also be saturated carbocyclic wherein said ring comprises either a substituted or unsubstituted

į.

monocyclic ring containing 0 to about 2 hetero atoms, or a bicyclic ring containing 0 to about 4 hetero atoms;

X is $(CHR_1)_{0-4}$ or $(CHR_1)_m$ -Z- $(CHR_1)_n$;

5

Z is O, NR', S, SO or SO₂;

m and n are 0-3 and m+n=0-3;

10 R substitution besides hydrogen independently includes alkyl, alkenyl, phenyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, aralkoxy, acyloxy, halo, haloalkyl, amino, mono-and di-alkylamino, acylamino, carboxy, carbalkoxy, carbalkoxy, carbalkoxyalkyl, carbalkoxyalkenyl, amido, mono- and dialkylamido and N,N-cycloalkylamido;

15

25

30

R and R together may also be keto;

R₁ and R' are hydrogen or alkyl; or

20 a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

- 4. A pharmaceutical composition for inhibiting cell proliferation comprising, in admixture with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, a pharmaceutically effective amount of a compound according to claim 3.
- 5. A method according to claim 3 where Ar I and Ar II are independently selected from phenyl, naphthyl, 2-(1H)pyridonyl, pyridyl, quinolinyl, thienyl, 1(2H)-isoquinolonyl, indolyl, napthyridenyl, benzothiazolyl, quinoxalinyl, benzomidazolyl, quinolinyl-N-oxide, isoquinolinyl-N-oxide, quinazolinyl, quinoxalinyl-N-oxide, quinazolinyl-N-oxide, benzoxazinyl, phthalazinyl, or cinnolinyl; and R is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxy, halo or trifluoromethyl.
- 35 6. A method according to claim 5 where said compound is described by one of the following formulae:

5

7. A method according to claim 6 where said compound is of the formula

where Ar II is thienyl, phenyl, pyridyl, quinolinyl, indolyl, furanyl, imidazolyl, 2(1H)-pyridonyl, 1(2H)-isoquinolonyl and thiazolyl and R is hydrogen, loweralkyl, loweralkoxy, hydroxy or halo.

8. A method according to claim 6 where said compound is of the formula

10

9. A method according to claim 6 where said compound is of the formula

$$(R)_{0-3}$$
 N
 $(R)_{0-3}$
 N

15

10. A method according to claim 6 where said compound is of the formula

$$(R)_{0.3}$$
 II $(R)_{0.3}$

20

11. A method according to claim 7 where said compound is of the formula

25

12. A method according to claim 6 where said compound is of the formula

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} (R)_{0.3} \\ N \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} (R)_{0.3} \\ N \end{bmatrix}$$

5

13. A method according to claim 6 where said compound is of the formula

10

14. A method according to claim 6 where said compound is of the formula

$$X = (R)_{0-3}$$

15

15. A method according to claim 6 where said compound is of the formula

20

16. A method according to claim 6 where said compound is of the formula

$$N$$
 $X \longrightarrow N$ $X \longrightarrow N$ $X \longrightarrow N$

25

5

10

15

17. A method according to claim 6 where said compound is of the formula

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} (R)_{0.3} \\ N \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} (R)_{0.3} \\ N \end{bmatrix}$$

18. A method according to claim 6 where said compound is of the formula

$$(R)_{0-3}$$
 $(CH_2)_{2-4}$

19. A method according to claim 6 where said compound is of the formula

$$(R)_{0.3}$$
 N $(R)_{0.3}$

20. A method according to claim 6 where said compound is of the formula

$$N \rightarrow X$$

21. A method according to claim 6 where said compound is of the formula

$$X = \frac{(R)_{0.2}}{N} \times \frac{(R)_{0.2}}{N}$$

25

20

22. A method according to claim 6 where said compound is of the formula

5 23. A method according to claim 6 where said compound is of the formula

$$X = \frac{(R)_{0.3}}{V} \times \frac{(R)_{0.2}}{V} \times \frac{(R)_$$

10 24. A method according to claim 6 where said compound is of the formula

15 25. A method according to claim 6 where said compound is of the formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c} (R)_{0.3} & N \\ \hline & & (R)_{0.3} \\ \hline & & (CH_2)_{2-4} \\ \end{array}$$

- 20 26. A method according to claim 1 where said compound administered is selected from the group consisting of
 - 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
 - 3-(thien-3-yl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
 - 3-(thien-3-yl)-7-methoxyquinoline;
- 25 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
 - 3-(2-chlorothien-2-yl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
 - 3-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
 - 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoxaline;

	3-(2-chlorothien-2-yl)-5,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
	2-phenyl-6,7-dimethylquinoxaline;
	2-(thien-3-yl)quinoxaline;
	6,7-dimethyl-2-(thien-3-yl)-quinoxaline;
5	3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
	3-(thien-3-yl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
	3-(thien-3-yl)-7-methoxyquinoline;
	3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
	3-(2-chlorothien-2-yl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
10	3-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
	2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoxaline;
	3-(2-chlorothien-2-yl)-5,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
	3-(thien-3-yl)-6,7-dimethylquinoline;
	3-(1-cyclopent-1-enyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
15	3-cyclopentyl-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
	4-(3-phenylpropyloxy)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
	3-(thien-3-yl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline-N-oxide;
	3-(2-chlorothiophen-5-yl)-5,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
	3-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
20	3-(3-fluorophenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
	4-(2-phenylethoxy)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
	3-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
	2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoxaline;
	2-(thien-3-yl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoxaline;
25	2-phenyl-6,7-dimethoxyquinoxaline;
	6,7-dimethyl-2-(thien-3-yl)-quinoxaline;
	2-phenyl-6,7-diethoxyquinoxaline;
	2-(3-thienyl)-6,7-diethoxyquinoxaline;
	2-(5-chloro-2-thienyl)-6,7-diethoxyquinoxaline;
30	2-(5-chloro-2-thienyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoxaline;
	3-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-7-fluoroquinoline;
	3-(thien-3-yl)-5,7-dimethylquinoline;
	3-(5-chlorothien-2-yl)-6,7-dimethylquinoline;
	3-(thien-3-yl)-6,7-difluoroquinoline or
35	3-(4-methoxyphyenyl)-7-methoxy-1-naphthalenol.

- 27. A method for the treatment of psoriasis in a patient suffering from such disorder comprising administering to said patient an effective anti-psoriatic composition according to claim 2.
- 5 28. A method for the treatment of atherosclerosis in a patient suffering from such disorder comprising administering to said patient an effective antiatherosclerotic composition according to claim 2.
- 29. A method for the treatment of vascular reocclusion in a patient suffering
 10 from such disorder comprising administering to said patient an effective amount of a composition according to claim 2.
 - 30. A method according to claim 29 where said disorder results from an angioplastic procedure.

15

- 31. A compound selected from the group consisting of:
 - 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
 - 3-(thien-3-yl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
 - 3-(thien-3-yl)-7-methoxyquinoline;
- 20 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
 - 3-(2-chlorothien-2-yl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
 - 3-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
 - 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoxaline;
 - 3-(2-chlorothien-2-yl)-5,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
- 25 3-(thien-3-yl)-6,7-dimethylquinoline;
 - 3-(1-cyclopent-1-enyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
 - 3-cyclopentyl-6,7-dimethoxyguinoline;
 - 4-(3-phenylpropyloxy)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
 - 3-(thien-3-yl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline-N-oxide;
- 30 3-(2-chlorothiophen-5-yl)-5,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
 - 3-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
 - 3-(3-fluorophenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
 - 4-(2-phenylethoxy)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
 - 3-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoline;
- 35 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoxaline;
 - 2-(thien-3-yl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoxaline;
 - 2-phenyl-6,7-dimethoxyquinoxaline;

6,7-dimethyl-2-(thien-3-yl)-quinoxaline;
2-phenyl-6,7-diethoxyquinoxaline;
2-(3-thienyl)-6,7-diethoxyquinoxaline;
2-(5-chloro-2-thienyl)-6,7-diethoxyquinoxaline;
3-(5-chloro-2-thienyl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinoxaline;
3-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-7-fluoroquinoline;
3-(thien-3-yl)-5,7-dimethylquinoline;
3-(5-chlorothien-2-yl)-6,7-dimethylquinoline;
3-(thien-3-yl)-6,7-difluoroquinoline or
3-(4-methoxyphyenyl)-7-methoxy-1-naphthalenol.

32. A pharmaceutical composition wherein the active ingredient is selected from the compounds of Claim 31.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US92/03736

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC(5) :C07C 43/21; C07D 215/18; 215/20; 43/21; A61K 31/44 31/50; 31/495 US CL :Please See Extra Sheet. According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC										
Minimum de	ocumentation searched (classification system followed	by classification symbols)	•							
U.S. :	U.S. :									
Documentati	ion searched other than minimum documentation to the	extent that such documents are included	in the fields searched							
	Abstracts 1902-1991 Formula index.									
Electronic d	Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)									
			<u> </u>							
C. DOC	UMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		The second second							
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where app	ropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.							
A	US,A, 4,661,499 (YOUNG ET AL) 28 APRIL 1987	31 & 32								
	See entire reference.	'								
A	N, CHEMCIAL Abstract, volume 103, Abst. No. 12: PERKIN. TRANS. 1985, (2), 275-81 (ENG.)	31-32								
	See entire document.	sy george Bulling								
A	M. CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS., Volume 108, N. C et al, J. HETEROLYCL. chem. 1987, 24(3) 853-7 (See entire reference.									
		i								
l		•								
ļ										
			<u> </u>							
Furt	ther documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.	See patent family annex.								
	pecial categories of cited documents:	"T" later document published after the int date and not in conflict with the appli	CHOOD DAY CITOR TO AMERICANTING THE							
'A' de	ocument defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be part of particular relevance	principle or theory underlying the in "X" document of particular relevance; t								
.E. a	arlier document published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of particular relevance; to considered novel or cannot be considered when the document is taken alone	ered to involve an inventive step							
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other		and a serious volumence:	he claimed invention cannot be							
special reason (as specified)		considered to involve an inventive	ch documents, such combination							
127	ocument reterring to an oral distribution of the international filing date but later than	being obvious to a person skilled in "&" document member of the same pater								
1 1	he priority date claimed	Date of mailing of the international search report								
Date of the	e actual completion of the international search	FORT 1005								
18 SEPT	TEMBER 1992	MC1 1937								
I WAME AND INSTITUTE STORES OF MIC 1919		Authorized officer JEROME GOLDBERG Authorized officer JEROME GOLDBERG								
Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT Weshington D.C. 20031		JEROME GOLDBERG								
Washington, D.C. 20231 Factimile No. NOT APPLICABLE		Telephone No. (703) 308-1235								

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US92/03736

544/354; 353; 546/155; 167;180; 546/633; 514/248;249;300;307;311,314;345,347	A. CLASSIFICATION US CL :	of subject mat	ITER:							
	544/354; 353; 546/155; 167;180; 546/633; 514/248;249;300;307;311,314,345,347									
				•						
						, ,				
		**	• •							
				·						
				·						
	·									

Form PCT/ISA/210 (extra sheet)(July 1992)+

THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)